

Site Investigation

Former Kil-Tone Company Site Vineland, New Jersey

Community Update

March 2015

SAMPLING DATES

EPA will be in your community collecting well water samples to determine if operations conducted on the former Kil-Tone Company Site have contaminated domestic drinking water wells located within one mile of the Site. Well water sampling will begin the week of April 20, 2015.

ARSENIC BASED PESTICIDES

Lead arsenate based pesticides were very popular and effective for use in agriculture in the early 1900s. Pesticide residues bind tightly to the surface soil layer, where they have remained for decades. Many common arsenic compounds can dissolve in water

Ingestion of large amounts of inorganic arsenic is associated with increased risk of several types of cancer in humans including skin, lung, liver, kidney and urinary bladder. Other potential effects of ingestion of elevated arsenic include gastrointestinal ailments, such as diarrhea and cramping, thickening and/or discoloration of the skin, increased risk of diabetes and cardiovascular impacts.

If you would like additional information, please contact:

Wanda Ayala Community Involvement Coordinator (212) 637-3676 ayala.wanda@epa.gov

Or toll free at (800) 346-5009

Kimberly Staiger On-Scene Coordinator (732) 452-6415 staiger.kimberly@epa.gov

Introduction

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is investigating potential soil contamination associated with the Former Kil-Tone Company Site (Site) located in Vineland, New Jersey.

SITE INVESTIGATION

Environmental sampling conducted by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) in August 2014, determined that elevated levels of arsenic and lead are present within the groundwater beneath the Site.

The Kil-Tone Company manufactured arsenic based pesticides from the late 1910s to the late 1930s. Specific compounds manufactured by the company included lead arsenate and copper lime calcium arsenate dust.

EPA will be conducting an assessment of the groundwater to determine if releases from the Site have impacted or threaten nearby wells. Well water samples will be analyzed for metals, specifically arsenic and lead. The well water sampling event will begin the week of April 20, 2015.

EPA encourages all property owners to provide EPA access and participate in the sampling event.

SITE HISTORY

The Kil-Tone Company operated from the late 1910s to the late 1930s on the property now occupied by Urban Sign & Crane, Inc. located at 527 East Chestnut Avenue. The Kil-Tone Company manufactured arsenic based pesticides that sold under trade names such as London Purple and Paris Green. These were common pesticides used to control mosquitos and pests in the early 1900s.

EPA Regional Public Liaison:

EPA Region 2 has designated a public liaison as a point-of-contact for community concerns and questions about the federal Superfund program in New York, New Jersey, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. To support this effort, the Agency has established a 24-hour, toll-free number that the public can call to request information, express concerns, or register complaints about Superfund. The public liaison for EPA's Region 2 office is:

George Zachos (732) 321-6621 zachos.george@epa.gov

Or toll free at (888) 283-7626

Visit EPA's Web Sites at: www.epa.gov/region2/superfund/removal

EPA'S REMOVAL PROGRAM

EPA conducts investigations and cleanup actions at properties where oil or hazardous chemicals have been released into the environment or when there is a threat of a release.

The cleanup process begins with discovery of a Site or notification to EPA of a possible release of a hazardous substance to the environment. Sites are discovered by various parties, including citizens, State agencies, and EPA Regional offices. Once these sites are discovered, EPA will evaluate the potential for a release of hazardous substances from the site. This evaluation is done through collecting environmental samples and searching through historical documents.

If EPA determines that a release is imminent or that a release has occurred, steps will be taken to determine and implement the appropriate response to secure the release and to mitigate the threats posed by the release of hazardous substances into the environment.